



INTERNATIONAL STANDARD BIBLE STUDY CURRICULUM

THE SOVEREIGNTY OF DEITY

QUESTION MANUAL COURSE REQUIREMENTS

Textbook: *Biblical Research Library: THE SOVEREIGNTY OF DEITY*, Book 3

Discussion Questions: Answer **THREE** (3) questions from the Discussion Questions of each chapter.

Memory Verses: **Memory Verses:** Jeremiah 31:31-34; Daniel 2:44; 7:13,14; Luke 17:20,21; 1 Corinthians 15:26-28; Ephesians 1:20-23; Philippians 2:5-11; Colossians 1:13; Hebrews 2:8; 1 Peter 3:22

Lesson Outlines: Prepare and deliver **FIVE** (5) lesson outlines on any subject of material of the textbook.

Reading: Old Testament: **PSALMS** (Read once) New Testament: **EPHESIANS; COLOSSIANS; HEBREWS** (Read **THREE** (3) times each)

Chapter 1

Kingdom Reign of the Father and Son

True or false:

1. ____ The term “kingdom” as used in the Bible in reference to the reign of God, reminds us to think about God’s authority that is limited to geographical boundaries.
2. ____ As the Father was King and head over all things before the ascension, so the Son is King and head over all things after the ascension.
3. ____ The terms “kingdom” and “church” always refer to the same thing in the New Testament.
4. ____ When we think about the kingdom of God we should think about reign and not realm.
5. ____ The term “headship” refers to control by power.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 6-20

kingship, sovereignty, certain, Son, universal, headship, Father, metaphor, head, Israel, everlasting, lordship, changed, before, eternity

6. The word “_____” probably best conveys the meaning of the Hebrew and Greek words that are translated “kingdom” in the English Bible.
7. The Father was the King over the universal sovereignty of all things _____ the ascension of Jesus to the right hand of the Father.
8. The _____ was the sovereign King in heaven over Israel before the ascension of Christ.
9. The _____ is the sovereign King and head of the church and is now reigning in heaven.
10. The Father will be King over all things in _____.
11. The Son is presently the King over the _____ kingdom.
12. The unique covenant relationship the Father had with the nation of _____ before the ascension magnifies the unique relationship the Father now has with the Son after the ascension.
13. The word “_____” has reference to a master-slave relationship.
14. The word “_____” refers to the governmental reign of God from a heavenly realm.
15. The word “_____” refers to the controlling center of reference.
16. The kingship and headship of the sovereign rule of Deity _____ from the Father to the Son at the ascension.
17. The word “kingdom” must be used as a _____ when used in reference to the reign of God because there is no word of this world that could be used to define the relationship of God with this world.
18. The priesthood of Aaron was _____ only in the sense that it was to last throughout its intended time of duration.
19. The words “everlasting” and “forever” often refer to something that is sure and _____ to be established.
20. Paul explained that God is the _____ of Christ as the man is the head of the woman.

Discussion:

21. What are the five kingdoms in the Bible that refer to Deity’s relationship to man and the created world?
22. To what does the word headship refer in reference to Deity?
23. Explain the difficulty of using man’s words to refer to the relationship of Deity with creation.
24. How is the word “kingdom” used as a metaphor when it is used in reference to the reign of God?
25. Define the meaning of the word “everlasting.”

26. Explain the use of the phrases "kingdom of God" and "kingdom of heaven" in reference to the reign of God.
27. Explain why there are no words of man that can fully explain the work and relationship of God with that which is physical.

Chapter 2

Kingship And Headship Of The Father

True or false:

1. ____ The Father reigned as King before the giving of the Old Testament law on Mt. Sinai.
2. ____ David said, "*For all that is in the heaven and in the earth is Yours; Yours is the kingdom*"
3. ____ Jonah was a Gentile prophet to the city of Nineveh.
4. ____ When the Father established a covenant relationship with the nation of Israel, He ceased His relationship with the nations of the world.
5. ____ Because there are disobedient subjects in the world means that God is not King over such.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 6-18

all, king, nations, Father, governor, free-moral, subjects, Jethro, Nineveh, Assyria, everlasting, us, head

6. In the Psalms it is stated that the Father is the ____ among the nations.
7. 1 Chronicles 29:11,12 teaches that the Father was exalted as ____ above all things in the Old Testament.
8. Jeremiah proclaimed that the Father was an ____ king.
9. David stated that in His kingdom reign, God rules over ____.
10. Though there are disobedient ____ in a kingdom, the sovereignty of that kingdom is still over those subjects.
11. Jonah worked as a prophet among the Gentiles in the city of ____.
12. All things have now been put under the reign of the incarnate Son except the ____.
13. When the pronoun "____" was used in Genesis 1:26,27, we assume that reference is to God the Father, Son and Holy Spirit.
14. David wrote that during the time of the Old Testament, God was ____ forever and ever.
15. During the existence of Israel, God was the king who ruled the ____.
16. The ____ agency of man has never negated the sovereignty of the Father or Son over all things.
17. God used the nation of ____ as his rod of anger to punish Israel for her sins.
18. During the time of Israel, God continued to work among the nations through Gentile priests as ____.

Discussion:

19. What is the nature of the Father's kingdom reign that is explained in 1 Chronicles 29:11,12?
20. How was the Father's concern for the nations manifested throughout the Old Testament?
21. How does the work of Jethro prove the work of the Father among the Gentiles?
22. How did God use the nation of Assyria to carry out His work?

Chapter 3

Sovereignty Of The Father Over Israel

True or false:

1. ____ The special covenant relationship the Father made with the nation of Israel established them as a unique sovereignty of the Father within the universal sovereignty.
2. ____ When the Israelites chose for themselves an earthly king, the Father ceased to rule them from heaven.
3. ____ John the Baptist was in the kingdom of the Father.
4. ____ The authority of David's throne has always been in heaven with the Father.
5. ____ Israel was chosen to be a special treasure to God because of God's promise to Abraham and the coming Messiah.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 6-19

priests, Israel, Lord, Old Testament, Solomon, Gentiles, ascension, seed, least, rejected, king, John, least, covenant

6. ____ sat upon the earthly throne of the sovereignty of God in Israel after David his father died.
7. Matthew 5:19,20 teaches that if anyone broke a commandment of the Old Testament law and taught men to do so during the ministry of Jesus, he would be called ____ in the kingdom.
8. Israel was chosen from the nations of the world to be a kingdom of ____ and a holy nation.
9. We must not make the mistake of assuming that God was not working among the ____ during the time of the Old Testament history.

10. God made a covenant with Israel because he had made a promise and _____ with Abraham.
11. Israel was chosen in order to preserve a portion of society in order that the _____ come into the world for the redemption of man.
12. The institution of an earthly king of Israel did not change the fact that God was still the _____ of Israel.
13. David said that God had chosen his son Solomon to sit on the throne of the _____.
14. The Father's universal kingship continued unto the _____ of Jesus to the right hand of the Father.
15. Jesus' reference to the kingdom reign in the gospel records must be understood in the context of His efforts to turn _____ to accept His coming kingdom reign.
16. Jesus lived under the _____ dispensation, and thus, ministered to the Jews to turn them to accept His coming kingdom reign.
17. _____ was in the kingdom because of what Jesus said concerning those who are least in the kingdom are greater than he.
18. During His ministry, Jesus said that those who broke any Old Testament commandment would be called _____ in the kingdom.
19. Because the religious leaders had _____ the commandments of God, Jesus sought to turn them again to God.

Discussion:

20. Why does Matthew 5:19,20 refer to the Old Testament of the reign of the Father?
21. How does Matthew 11:11,12 teach that the kingdom reign of God existed before Acts 2?
22. What unique relationship does Exodus 19:5,6 teach Israel had with the Father?
23. What was the purpose of Jesus' ministry to the Jews?

Chapter 4

Changing Of Kingship And Headship

True or false:

1. _____ The vision of Daniel 7;13,14 teaches that the Son of Man would descend to this earth in order to receive a kingdom.
2. _____ The kingdom of God comes by the will of God being done within the hearts of men as it is done in heaven.
3. _____ During His earthly ministry, the Father had not yet given all things unto the Son.
4. _____ The children of the kingdom in the statement of Matthew 8:11,12 refers to faithful Jews who accepted Jesus.
5. _____ The children of the kingdom in the parable of the Tares refers to apostate Israel.
6. _____ In the parable of the Vinedressers, the vineyard has reference to the church.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 7-40

Babylonian, dominion, parables, hand, kingdom, name, nation, Jews, Roman, Roman, faith, forever, covenant, stone, hand, power, heaven, Abraham, Nebuchadnezzar, within, church, Holy Spirit, faith, under, bear, priesthood, *angelos*, God, Israelites, should, church, apostate, 31:31, rejected, Paul, 2:9-11

7. In the parable of the Vinedressers, the _____ of God was taken from the chief priests and Pharisees and given to another nation.
8. In Galatians 1:13 Paul referred to the _____ religion" which was the traditions of the Jewish hierarchy.
9. In Jeremiah _____ (chapter & verse) God conditioned Israel for a change to a new covenant.
10. Through the vision of Daniel 2, the Father prophesied that a sovereignty would be set up in the days of the _____ kings.
11. _____ said that the Father raised Jesus up to sit at His right hand in the heavenly places.
12. Philippians _____ (chapter & verse) is a reference to Jesus, that all people, nations and languages should give service to Him.
13. God promised Israel that the days would come when He would make a new _____ with the house of Israel and Judah.
14. _____, the king of Babylon, had a dream of a great image which represented kingdoms of the world.
15. The gold head represented the _____ kingdom.
16. In Daniel 7, the beast that was "dreadful and terrible" represented the _____ kingdom.
17. The _____ in the vision of Daniel 7 represented the Medo-Persian kingdom.
18. Daniel spoke of the kingdom that God would establish as standing _____ and not being destroyed as the kingdoms of this world.
19. The _____ that was cut out of the mountain struck the image that Nebuchadnezzar saw and broke it to pieces.
20. The phrase "Ancient of Days" refers to _____.
21. When the Son of Man ascended to the Father, there was given Him _____, glory and kingdom reign.
22. When God raised Jesus from the dead, He seated Him at His right _____.
23. Jesus is now head over all things for the sake of the _____.
24. Jesus has now been given a name that is above every _____.
25. The word " _____ " in the prophecy of Daniel 7:13,14 and the fulfillment statement of Philippians 2 affirms that not everyone would be obedient subjects of the kingdom reign of Jesus.
26. The Hebrew writer stated that we do not now see all things put _____ Jesus.
27. Both Jesus and John preached that Israel must repent, for the kingdom of heaven was at _____.
28. Jesus said that the kingdom of God was _____ the individual.
29. The phrase "kingdom of heaven" refers to divine authority that originates from _____.
30. _____ Israelites had turned away from the commandments of God by the time of Jesus' coming.
31. The religious leaders of Israel _____ the commandments of God in order that they might keep their traditions.

32. In the parable of Matthew 8, the sons of the kingdom referred to apostate _____.
33. Those who were Israelites by _____ accepted Jesus when He came into the world.
34. When the Pharisees heard the _____ of Jesus they understood that He was talking of them.
35. The children of the kingdom in the context of Matthew 13 refers to those who were children of _____ by faith.
36. The Greek word _____ refers to those who are messengers.
37. Jesus said to the religious leaders of Israel that the kingdom would be taken from them and given to a _____ who would bear the fruits of it.
38. Peter referred to Christians as a holy _____.
39. Jesus said that some of His immediate disciples would experience the coming of the kingdom with _____.
40. Jesus promised the apostles that they would receive power when the _____ came upon them.

Discussion:

41. What are the parallel figures and kingdoms between the prophecies of Daniel 2 and 7?
42. What is the extent of Jesus' reign as expressed in Ephesians 1:20-22?
43. What is the significance of the subjunctive in Philippians 2:5-11?
44. What is the relationship between Matthew 6:10 and Luke 17:20,21?
45. What advantage does the church have in Jesus being the head over all things?
46. What is the significance of the word "parable" being in the plural in Matthew 21:45?
47. Why did the sons of the kingdom in Matthew 8 not receive the kingdom reign?
48. Who are those who are children of Abraham by faith?

Chapter 5

Kingship And Headship Of The Son

True or false:

1. _____ When Jesus comes again, more power will be given to Him than what He presently possesses.
2. _____ Jesus is not the head of Satan and demons.
3. _____ Jesus is the King over those in the church because He is the King over all things.
4. _____ Jesus is reigning over all things because He is reigning over the church.
5. _____ Because there are disobedient subjects in the world means that Jesus is not their King.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 6-21

throne, kingdom, premillennialism, earth, kings, David, priest, angels, kings, feet, name, all, reign, subject, lordship, authority, feet, things

6. At this time Jesus is now the head over all _____.
7. Jesus is King of _____ and Lord of lords.
8. All things had been delivered unto Jesus before His ascension and He activated His authority when He ascended to the _____ of David.
9. In Ephesians 1:20-23 the Father put all things under Jesus' _____.
10. At this time Jesus is the Prince of the kings of the _____.
11. Jesus is presently the ruler of the _____ of the earth.
12. Because Christians now endure in this life with Jesus, they also _____ with Him
13. The doctrine of _____ is the belief that Jesus will come again in order to reign for one thousand years on earth.
14. The Father gave Jesus all _____ in heaven and earth.
15. God highly exalted Jesus in that He gave Him a _____ that is above every name.
16. John said that when Jesus ascended, the _____ of this world became the kingdom of the Son.
17. Jesus is now reigning with angels, authorities and powers being made _____ to Him.
18. Jesus' authority was activated when He ascended to the throne of _____ in heaven.
19. If Jesus is to descend to this earth when He comes again in order to reign on this earth, then He will have to give up His reign over _____ things.
20. When Jesus ascended to the right hand of God, all things were put under His _____.
21. Peter said that Jesus has now gone into heaven where He now has authority over all _____, authorities and powers.

Discussion:

22. What does Revelation 12 teach about the present reign of Jesus?
24. How is Jesus presently reigning?
25. How does 1 Peter 3:22 teach that Jesus' present reign is beyond the church?
26. Explain 2 Timothy 2:10,11.
27. Why does the presence of disobedient subjects not negate the universal kingdom reign of Jesus.

Chapter 6

The Church And The Kingdom

True or false:

1. ____ The word *ekklesia* refers to the sovereign reign of Deity by law.
2. ____ The Greek word *basileia* should be translated "church."
3. ____ Abraham was and is in the sovereignty of Deity.
4. ____ Those under the sovereign reign of the Father before the ascension were transferred unto the sovereignty of the Son.
5. ____ Jesus must reign until the last enemy sin is put to death.
6. ____ The sovereignty of Jesus is the context of 1 Corinthians 15:24-28.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 7-20

Christ, see, under, all, church, Peter, assembly, water, people, government, manifests, enter, death, earth, rock, seed

7. The word "church" has reference to ____ who are called out of the world.
8. The ____ upon which the church is built is the sonship and messiahship of Jesus.
9. Peter confessed that Jesus was the ____, the Son of the living God.
10. If one is not born of the ____ and Spirit he cannot enter the sovereignty of Jesus.
11. The last enemy that will be destroyed is ____.
12. The Father has put all things ____ the feet of Jesus.
13. The word *ekklesia* refers to a called out ____ of people.
14. The word *basileia* refers to divine ____ when used in reference to God.
15. In Matthew 16:18 Jesus is speaking of the ____, whereas in verse 19 He is speaking of His kingdom reign.
16. ____ was given the keys of the kingdom.
17. Kingdom refers to divine reign from heaven, whereas church refers to the response of people from this ____.
18. The church ____ the kingdom reign of Jesus from heaven.
19. Jesus said that one cannot ____ the kingdom of heaven unless he is born anew.
20. If one is not born of the water and Spirit he cannot ____ the kingdom of heaven.

Discussion:

21. Why do verses 18 and 19 of Matthew 16 refer to different things?
22. What does it mean to be transferred unto the kingdom of Jesus?
23. What is the significance of the word "till" in 1 Corinthians 15:24-28?
24. What does the word "see" mean in John 3:3-5?
25. What is the difference between the definitions of the words *ekklesia* and *basileia*?
26. What does it mean to be translated into the kingdom?

Chapter 7

Nature And Establishment Of The Church And Kingdom

True or false:

1. ____ Jesus ascended to heaven in order to reign before the events of Acts 2.
2. ____ Only Christians are under the universal sovereignty of Jesus.
3. ____ The church is the assembly of obedient believers who have willingly submitted to the kingdom reign of Jesus.
4. ____ The church of Christ began in Acts 2 when men first submitted to the kingship and lordship of Jesus by obedience to the gospel.
5. ____ People are still receiving the kingdom today by the acceptance of the kingdom reign of Jesus in their lives.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 6-19

kingdom, rule, headship, miracles, sovereign, Lord, receiving, name, ascended, Pentecost, Passover, Peter, manifestation, officially, people, church

6. Those who were immersed in the name of Jesus in Acts 2 were added to the ____.
7. In Acts 2 the kingship of Jesus was ____ and publicly announced to mankind.
8. The kingship of Jesus has reference to Jesus' authority and ____ over all things.
9. When Jesus ascended to the Father He was given dominion, glory and ____ rule.
10. The church was established on the day of ____ in Acts 2.
11. Peter stated in Acts 2 that God had already made Jesus both ____ and Christ at the time of his announcement.

12. One can now be baptized in the _____ of Jesus because He reigns with all authority.
13. The primary emphasis in prophecy is the _____ reign of the Messiah over all things.
14. Daniel 7 states that Jesus received His sovereignty when He _____ to the Father.
15. Jesus was proved to be the Son of God through the _____ which God did through Him.
16. The word "church" refers to _____, whereas the word "kingdom" refers to sovereign reign from heaven.
17. _____ was the first to officially announce the kingdom reign of Jesus.
18. Men and women are _____ the kingdom when they allow the reign of Jesus in their hearts as He reigns in heaven.
19. The church is the _____ of the kingdom reign of Jesus on earth.

Discussion:

20. Explain the difference between the kingdom reign of Jesus and the church which has responded to the kingdom reign.
21. Why was the reign of Jesus in existence before Acts 2?
22. What is the meaning of Hebrews 12:48?
23. What does it mean to receive the kingdom?
24. How does Daniel 7:13,14 teach the universal kingdom reign of Jesus?

Chapter 8

Prophecy Of The Kingdom And The Church

True or false:

1. _____ Jeremiah prophesied that under the new covenant one would not have to be taught to know God before he came into a covenant relationship with God.
2. _____ Joel intended that the outpouring of the Holy Spirit be a secret event that would not reveal the specific beginning of God's new work.
3. _____ Micah stated that the new house of God would be established only for the nation of Israel.
4. _____ Joel prophesied that the Spirit would be poured out upon a special class of people.
5. _____ The term "last days" has reference to the last times before the final coming of Jesus.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 6-20

Zion, Jewish, kingdom, Roman, Spirit, word, Jerusalem, outpouring, Roman, afterward, church, people, minds, mountain, destroyed, fulfillment, covenant, days

6. Both Isaiah and Micah prophesied that the word of God would go from the city of _____.
7. God would establish His house in the last day of the _____ dispensation.
8. According to Joel, the outpouring of the Holy Spirit would come to pass in the last _____.
9. Daniel 2:44 is a prophecy that the kingdom would be established in the days of the _____ kings.
10. When a Jewish baby was born, he was born into a _____ relationship with God.
11. The new dispensation that was prophesied would be inaugurated by the _____ of the Holy Spirit.
12. Prophecy could never be fully understood until after its _____.
13. Isaiah prophesied that the _____ of the Lord's house would be established.
14. The result of the establishment of the mountain of God's power would be that all _____ would flow unto it.
15. It was prophesied that God would send judgment among the nations through the preaching of His _____.
16. Daniel prophesied that the kingdom reign would be established during the days of the _____ kings.
17. The power of the stone to crush was in the strength of the _____.
18. Daniel prophesied that the sovereignty of God would never be _____.
19. Joel prophesied that in Mount _____ and in Jerusalem there would be deliverance.
20. Jeremiah said that God would put His law in their _____.

Discussion:

21. What are the specifics of Joel's prophecy concerning the outpouring of the Spirit?
22. What is the difference between the covenant relationship the Jew had with God and the covenant relationship the Christian now has with God?
23. What did Jeremiah mean when he stated that they would no longer teach one another to know the Lord?
24. What are the "last days"?
26. What is the "mountain" of the Lord?

Chapter 9

Fulfillment Of Prophecies And Church Establishment

True or false:

1. ____ The Hebrew writer quotes Joel 2:28-32 in Hebrews 8 in order to prove that a new covenant has been established with the church.
2. ____ Jesus judges the nations by the authority of His word.
3. ____ Jesus preached during His earthly ministry that the time was fulfilled and the kingdom was nigh.
4. ____ Both John and Jesus preached that the kingdom was near unto being established.
5. ____ The universal kingdom and church of Christ were established during the ministries of Jesus and John.
6. ____ Jesus stated during His ministry that some of His immediate disciples would experience the manifestation of the power of the kingdom.
7. ____ Jesus preached during His ministry that the kingdom would come with power.
8. ____ Jesus and John preached in the days of the Roman kings.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 9-20

apostles, Jerusalem, Joel, fulfilled, church, Isaiah, new, peace, mountain, Son, power, Tiberius, Israel, Augustus

9. It is in these days that God speaks to all men through His ____.
10. The "house of the Lord" in Isaiah 2:3 is a reference to the ____.
11. The call for men to obey the gospel was first preached in the city of ____.
12. Jesus is the Lord of ____ and is able to calm the inward turmoil of men and the outward turmoil among men.
13. ____ was Caesar of Rome when Jesus began His ministry.
14. When Peter referred to the events of Acts 2:1-4, he affirmed that the prophecy of ____ had been fulfilled.
15. Jesus took away the first covenant which God made with the Jews in order to establish a ____ covenant which included all mankind.
16. Jesus promised that some of His disciples would not die until they saw the kingdom come with ____.
17. Jesus promised the ____ that the Holy Spirit would endue them with power.
18. Jesus told the apostles that all things must be ____ which were written in the law of Moses, Prophets and Psalms.
19. The last days of ____ were in existence at the time the Spirit was poured out on the apostles.
20. The ____ of the Lord's house was established when Jesus ascended to the right hand of the Father.

Discussion:

21. What are the similarities and significance of the prophecies of Isaiah 2:1-5 and Micah 4:1-3?
22. How does the prophecy of Daniel 2:44 identify the time when God would establish the sovereignty of a new world order?
23. How can we pinpoint the fulfillment of the prophecy of Joel 2:28-32?
24. How did all nations flow unto the house of God?
25. How does Jesus judge among the nations?
26. How does Jesus establish peace among the nations?
27. To what does "all flesh" have reference in Joel 2:28-32?
28. How does the new covenant in Jeremiah 31 apply to all men?

Chapter 10

Jesus' Ascension To The Throne

True or false:

1. ____ All Old Testament prophecies concerning Jesus' work among men have been fulfilled.
2. ____ The present reign of Jesus in the hearts of men inadequately fulfills the fullness of His kingdom which was prophesied.
3. ____ Peter stated in Acts 2 that Jesus had accomplished what 2 Samuel 7 prophesied concerning God's promise to David that He would set One upon his throne.
4. ____ The Lord would restore perfect peace among nations and rule when He would have no enemies.
5. ____ It was prophesied in Psalm 110 that when the Lord was at the right hand of the Father, He would function as a priest.
6. ____ All governmental power which is exercised on earth to do good, and not evil, is sanctioned by God.
7. ____ Governmental power that exists in the world because of the will of God.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 8-40

Seed, Jesus, house, Melchizedek, Psalm 110:1, heaven, Mary, footstool, church, forever, key, king, life, Proverbs, Psalms, oath, church, Lord, throne, house, government, Isaiah, David, saved, David, Jehoiachin, David's, Psalm 112:5, heaven, spiritual, latter, David, priest, days, Peter, death, concealed, Branch, peace

8. Solomon's throne is the same as _____ throne.
9. The throne of David, or God's throne, is in _____.
10. When Solomon sat upon David's throne, he actually sat upon the throne of the _____.
11. The Branch would sit and rule and be a _____ upon His throne.
12. Isaiah 9:6,7 states that the _____ shall be on the shoulder of responsibility of the Prince of Peace.
13. Isaiah 22:22 states that the _____ of the house of David would be given to one who was yet to come.
14. God promised David that his throne would endure _____.
15. God promised David that his _____ and kingdom would be established forever.
16. God promised David that He would set One upon his _____ after him.
17. Hosea prophesied that Israel would return to seek David their king in the _____.
18. Zechariah prophesied that a _____ would come unto the daughter of Jerusalem.
19. God would raise unto _____ a righteous Branch.
20. The temple of God in Zechariah 6 is a reference to the _____, which is also called the house of God.
21. The Branch that proceeded from the seed of David was _____.
22. The angel said to _____ that God would give unto her Son the throne of His father David.
23. Hebrews 1:13 is a quotation of _____ (book & chapter).
24. Jesus was born into this world in order to be a _____ over a kingdom.
25. God's authority in _____ was represented in the Old Testament through the reign of Davidic kings on earth.
26. God said that heaven is His throne and that the earth is His _____.
27. God made an _____ with David that He would set one on his throne.
28. God promised David that He would set his _____ after him upon his throne.
29. God promised David that his _____ and kingdom would be established forever.
30. Jeremiah recorded that none of the descendants of _____ would prosper while reigning on earth in Jerusalem.
31. _____ affirmed in Acts 2 that the promises that God had made to David were fulfilled in Christ.
32. John affirmed that God has given us eternal _____ that is in His Son.
33. The one who possessed the key of the kingdom had the authority to unlock that which was _____.
34. Isaiah prophesied that of the increase of the Messiah's government and _____ there will be no end.
35. Gabriel promised Mary that God would give unto her Son the throne of His father _____.
36. Jesus was a king and priest after the order of _____.
37. Paul prophesied that Jesus will reign until the last enemy, which is _____, is destroyed by Jesus.
38. The temple about which Zechariah prophesied has reference to a _____ temple that is constructed through the obedience of men and women to the will of God.
39. Jeremiah prophesied that in the days of the Messiah Judah will be _____ and Israel will dwell safely.
40. Jesus affirmed that all things that were prophesied in the law of Moses, the Prophets and the _____ were fulfilled.

Discussion:

41. What is the meaning of the throne of David?
42. How did Jesus fulfill the prophecy of 2 Samuel 7:12,13,16?
43. In reference to Jesus, what is the significance of the "key" in Isaiah 22:22?
44. How and when did Jesus fulfill Psalm 110:1?
45. How would the Son be the prince of peace?

Chapter 11

Beginning Of The Church

True or false:

1. _____ The headship of Jesus over the church began when men submitted to the lordship of Jesus in Acts 2.
2. _____ The headship of Jesus over the church began when the church began.
3. _____ Only Peter was given the authority to reveal law unto mankind.
4. _____ Matthew 16:18,19 is a proof text to prove that the church and the kingdom are the same.
5. _____ When the apostles revealed law, the law they revealed had already been established in heaven.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 6-20

places, baptized, church, assembly, authority, heaven, 22:30, bind, John, Israel, power, head, thrones, lordship, Jeremiah 30:22, bread, church, Peter

6. On the day of Pentecost in Acts 2, Peter officially announced that one must be _____ into the name of Jesus in submission to His lordship.
7. In Jesus' statement of Matthew 16:19, the term "key" refers to the _____ of the kingdom to announce the law of the kingdom.
8. _____ confessed that Jesus was both the Messiah and Son of God.
9. Jesus became the _____ to control all things when He was seated at the right hand of God.
10. The _____ is the group of believers who have submitted to the lordship of Jesus.
11. In Luke _____ (chapter & verse) Jesus promised that he would eat the Supper with the disciples in His kingdom.
12. The Lord's Supper is referred to as breaking _____ in Acts 2:42.
13. The Father's headship in the Old Testament included a special headship over the nation of _____.
14. Jesus is now seated at the right hand of God in the heavenly _____.
15. Jesus now upholds all things by the word of His _____.
16. Peter and the apostles were promised that what they bound on earth would have already been bound in _____.
17. The church does not have authority to _____ on earth those things that are bound in heaven.
18. When men believe and accept the messiahship and sonship of Jesus, they submit to His _____.
19. Church is the _____ of those on earth who have responded to the kingdom reign of Jesus from heaven.
20. Jesus promised the apostles that they would sit on _____ judging the twelve tribes of Israel.

Discussion:

21. Why is the church built upon the truth of Peter's confession in Matthew 16:16?
22. Why did the church begin with the first official announcement of and obedience to the sovereignty of Jesus?
23. Explain the fulfillment of Jesus' statements of Luke 22:29,30.
24. What is the the different between the church and the kingdom.
25. Define the church?
26. What are the key scriptures that teach the universal reign of Jesus over all things?
27. To what does the metaphor "keys" have reference in Matthew 16:18,19?
28. Why does the church not have authority to give law?
29. How does Jesus' promise that He would eat His Supper with the disciples prove that the kingdom is now in existence?

Chapter 12

The Kingship And Priesthood Of Jesus

True or false:

1. _____ The throne of David was and is a phrase that refers to Divine authority which originates from heaven.
2. _____ If Jesus cannot be a priest on this earth, He cannot reign on this earth, for He must be a priest and reign simultaneously.
3. _____ The concept "throne of David" has always referred to a literal throne in the city of Jerusalem.
4. _____ Because there was a change in the law, there was the necessity of changing the priesthood.

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 5-16

priesthood, authority, reign, priest, lordship, prophets, priest, earth, confession, God, Jesus, heaven, future, Holy Spirit

5. Gabriel stated that Jesus would _____ over the house of Jacob.
6. Jesus is now a priest in heaven, therefore, He is now reigning in _____.
7. Zechariah prophesied that Jesus would be a _____ upon His throne and that He would rule upon His throne.
8. The "Branch" of Zechariah 6:12,13 is _____.
9. One of the primary works of Jesus in this present time is that He works on behalf of all Christians as a _____ in heaven.
10. The Hebrew writer stated that if Jesus were on _____ He could not be a priest.
11. Because some biblical interpreters have not understood the present universal kingdom reign of Jesus, they have assumed that He will receive such in the _____.
12. We must understand the present kingdom reign of Jesus through the prophecies of the Old Testament _____.
13. The concept of David's throne was an earthly symbol of heavenly _____.
14. Since the throne of _____ is in heaven, then we conclude that the authority of David's throne is in heaven.
15. Since Jesus is a priest at this time, and also in heaven at this time, then we conclude that His _____ is in heaven.
16. Since Jesus has passed through the heavens, the Hebrew writer encouraged us that we should hold fast to our _____.

Discussion:

17. What does Zechariah 6:12,13 prophesy concerning the position of Jesus upon the throne of David?
18. Why would Jesus have to give up His priesthood if He came to rule on this earth?
19. Why is it important to define the present reign of Jesus by the prophecies of the Old Testament?
20. Why do some interpreters assume that Jesus will complete the fulfillment of Old Testament prophecies concerning His reign when he comes again?

Chapter 13

Termination Of Davidic Kings

Fill in the blanks:

Answers to questions 1-18

world, Jesus (Branch), Zedekiah, officially, David, throne, Isaiah, Jehoiachin, control, earthly, in, prosper, Pharaoh-necho, for, grandson, Jehoiakim, ascension, Judah, Josiah, David

1. Zedekiah was the son of _____.
2. After the rejection of Saul, any king who reigned in Jerusalem over Israel had to be of the lineage of _____.
3. Jehoiakim was the _____ of David.
4. Jeremiah 22:30 is speaking of _____, who was the king of Judah taken into Babylonian captivity in 597 B.C.
5. After the captivity of Jehoiachin, _____ would be the king that would reign and prosper upon the throne of David.
6. The Father swore with an oath to David that He would set someone on his _____.
7. Jesus is now ascended to heaven to reign on the throne of _____.
8. The One who would prosper on the throne of David according to the prophecy of Jeremiah 23:5 would execute judgment _____ the earth.
9. God told _____ to get off the throne in Jerusalem.
10. _____ killed Josiah.
11. Jesus' _____ to the right hand of the Father fulfilled all prophecies concerning His kingdom reign.
12. In order for a king to reign in Israel, he was to be _____ anointed by God.
13. Pharaoh-necho appointed _____ as king of Judah.
14. When Jehoiakim died, his son reigned after him in _____.
15. No one of Jehoiachin's seed would _____ while reigning on earth in Jerusalem.
16. The Davidic kings were established in Israel only because Israel clamored to God for an _____ king.
17. Those today who clamor to God for Jesus to set up a kingdom of this world are asking God to set up a king of this _____.
18. The comfort of the Christian is to understand that Jesus now has _____ of all things.

Discussion:

19. Why did Zedekiah not have a right to reign on the throne of David?
20. Why could Jesus not be both a priest and king upon His throne if He were to reign on this earth?
21. Why are people as Israel if they seek to have Jesus as a king here on earth?
22. Why could Zedekiah not be a true king of Israel?

FINAL REVIEW EXAM

1. ____ Which of the following was prophesied by Micah in Micah 4 concerning kingdom events that were yet to happen in the history of Israel at the time Malachi wrote?
(A) There would be peace on earth, (B) The Lord's house would be established, (C) The word would go from Jerusalem, (D) All the preceding
2. ____ Why is it difficult for the Holy Spirit to communicate to us concerning things that are beyond the realm of this physical world?
(A) We cannot fully understand that which is beyond our experiences, (B) There are no adequate words to define the world beyond this world, (C) Both A and B.
3. ____ In Hebrews 12, what did the Hebrew writer state that the Christians to whom he was writing were receiving that could not be shaken?
(A) The church, (B) A kingdom, (C) The faith, (D) The hope
4. ____ To what does the phrase "born again" refer?
(A) One who has a saving experience of repentance, and then is immersed, (B) A Christian who restores his life to Jesus, (C) One who submits to the will of God by obedience to the gospel, (D) All the preceding
5. ____ What word has reference to the governmental rule of God among men and over all things?
(A) *Basileia*, (B) *Ekklesia*, (C) *Euangelion*, (D) *Arche*
6. ____ What privilege did Peter receive by being promised by Jesus that he would receive the "keys" of the kingdom?
(A) He would be the first to witness the resurrected Jesus, (B) He would be the first to baptize those who responded to the preaching of the gospel, (C) He would have the authority to baptize, (D) None of the preceding
7. ____ How is the word "kingdom" used in reference to God's affairs among men and the world that presently exists?
(A) As an anthropomorphism, (B) As a simile, (C) As a metaphor, (D) As an allegory
8. ____ What does the phrase "Lord of lords" mean in reference to the reign of Jesus?
(A) All lords of the world are under the lordship of Jesus, (B) Lords of this world are not under the kingdom reign of Jesus, (C) Jesus is only Lord of those who confess Him as Lord, (D) All the preceding
9. ____ What is indicated when the word "headship" is used in reference to God and the things that presently exist?
(A) God is ruling through moral law, (B) God is controlling the physical world by His power, (C) God is King by rule of law, (D) None of the preceding
10. ____ The physical world is upheld by the power of what?
(A) The incarnation of Jesus, (B) The word of Jesus, (C) The faith of the disciples, (D) Natural laws
11. ____ Who did John say ruled with a rod of iron?
(A) Nebuchadnezzar, (B) God the Father, (C) Belshazzar, (D) Jesus
12. ____ The magnitude of the sovereignty of the Father before the ascension of Jesus magnifies the magnitude of the sovereignty ...
(A) ... of the Father in heaven, (B) ... of the Son in heaven, (C) ... of the Spirit's present work, (D) ... of the Son's reign after the ascension
13. ____ During His ministry, what did Jesus say would come with power?
(A) The church, (B) The kingdom, (C) The Roman armies, (D) The holy angels
14. ____ What city did Jesus say stoned the prophets who were sent to her?
(A) Nineveh, (B) Babylon, (C) Rome, (D) None of the preceding
15. ____ In Matthew 21, of whom did the chief priests and Pharisees perceive that Jesus was speaking in His parables?
(A) The church, (B) The disciples, (C) Themselves, (D) The Gentiles
16. ____ God's covenant relationship with whom illustrates His present covenant relationship with the church?
(A) Abraham, (B) Noah, (C) Israel, (D) David
17. ____ What did Jesus say the religious leaders of Israel rejected in order to keep their traditions?
(A) Their heritage, (B) The commandments of God, (C) The church, (D) Their covenant with God
18. ____ Before the ascension of Jesus, over whom was the Father king?
(A) Satan and his angels, (B) Israel, (C) All nations, (D) All the preceding

19. _____ What is true in reference to all things being delivered into the hands of Jesus?
(A) All things were delivered to Him when He ascended to the right hand of God, (B) He will receive all things when He comes again, (C) All things had been delivered to Him before His ascension, (D) He had all things delivered to Him on the day of Pentecost in A.D. 30
20. _____ Which statement is true?
(A) The Father was king and head only over Israel, (B) Deity has always been king and head over all things, (C) Jesus was king and head over Israel, (D) The Holy Spirit is king and head over all things at this time.
21. _____ Immediately before His ascension, what did the disciples express concerning the kingdom?
(A) They would wait for the coming of the kingdom, (B) They recognized the spiritual nature of the kingdom, (C) They understood that the kingdom was not of this world, (D) They asked if Jesus were about to restore the kingdom
22. _____ What was Israel's relationship to the Father?
(A) A special nation because of their righteousness, (B) As any other nation, (C) A kingdom of priests and a holy nation, (D) There was no special relationship
23. _____ Who recorded the words of Jesus when He said, "*The kingdom of God is within you*"?
(A) Matthew, (B) Mark, (C) Luke, (D) John
24. _____ What was the ministry of Jesus to the Jews?
(A) To urge them to repent and return to the sovereignty of God, (B) To bring judgment to them, (C) To announce that God had cast them off, (D) To restore the Old Testament law
25. _____ What does Hebrews 2:8 say in reference to all things being put under the feet of Jesus?
(A) All things are now subject to Jesus, (B) Nothing has now been subjected to Jesus, (C) We do not yet see all things in subjection to Jesus, (D) All the preceding
26. _____ What does Jesus teach in Matthew 5:19,20?
(A) The Jews to whom He spoke must be submissive to the commandments of the kingdom, (B) The kingdom was in existence at the time He spoke, (C) Those who keep the commandments shall be called great, (D) All the preceding
27. _____ Who did Jesus specifically say was in the kingdom in Matthew 11?
(A) His disciples, (B) John the Baptist, (C) The Pharisees, (D) The Jews
28. _____ What does Philippians 2:5-11 say in reference to the reign of Jesus?
(A) All people would confess Jesus, (B) All people should confess Jesus, (C) All the earth will bow down to Jesus, (D) All the preceding
29. _____ What did Daniel say God would do in the days of the Roman kings?
(A) Divine sovereignty would be established, (B) A new covenant would be established with Israel, (C) A covenant would be established with the church, (D) None of the preceding
30. _____ Jesus is the head over all things for the sake of whom?
(A) Angels, (B) The church, (C) Israel, (D) None of the preceding
31. _____ What did Daniel say would be given to the One who would ascend unto the Father?
(A) Glory, dominion and a church, (B) Kingdom reign, dominion and glory, (C) Kingdom reign, glory and a covenant, (D) Life, dominion and glory
32. _____ Which two contexts speak of similar prophecies concerning four world empires?
(A) Isaiah 4 & Daniel 2, (B) Daniel 7 & Daniel 2, (C) Isaiah 2 & Malachi 2, (D) Daniel 2 & Malachi 2
33. _____ What is significant about the absence of the definite article before the word "kingdom" in Daniel 7:13,14?
(A) Reference is to a specific kingdom, (B) Reference is specifically to the church, (C) Reference is to the sovereign rule over all nations of the One who ascended, (D) Reference is specifically to Jesus' reign over the church
34. _____ What did God mean when He promised Israel an everlasting covenant?
(A) His covenant with Israel would continue into heaven, (B) The covenant would never end, (C) The covenant would end at the time of His final coming, (D) The covenant would last throughout its intended time of duration
35. _____ What is the significance of the subjunctive in Philippians 2:5-11?
(A) All men would serve Jesus in heaven, (B) Not all people would be submissive to Jesus during His kingship, (C) Satan would eventually submit to Jesus, (D) All Israel would be submissive to Jesus when He comes again

36. _____ What did Jesus say suffered violence from the days of John to the time He made the statement?
(A) The church, (B) The kingdom of heaven, (C) Evangelists, (D) The nation of Israel
37. _____ What did the Father deliver unto the Son concerning kingdom reign?
(A) Authority only over the church, (B) Authority only over Satan, (C) Authority only over the material world, (D) Authority over all things
38. _____ Of whom was it said, "*He who is least in the kingdom of heaven is greater than he*"?
(A) Paul, (B) John the Immerser, (C) David, (D) Jesus
39. _____ Who were the "children of the kingdom" about whom Jesus spoken in Matthew 13?
(A) Apostate Israel, (B) The church, (C) Sons of the kingdom of darkness, (D) Children of Abraham by faith
40. _____ About whom was it said, "*You shall be a special treasure to Me above all people ...*"?
(A) The church, (B) Abraham's descendants, (C) Israel, (D) David's descendants
41. _____ What did the religious leaders do concerning the fruits of the kingdom?
(A) They directed the minds of people to trust in God, (B) They encouraged the people to give allegiance to them and their leadership, (C) They encouraged Israel by faith to accept Jesus, (D) All the preceding
42. _____ Who was the Seed to whom Paul referred in Galatians 3:16?
(A) Abraham, (B) David, (C) The Holy Spirit, (D) None of the preceding
43. _____ Which of the following statements is true?
(A) Satan and angels are under the kingdom reign of Jesus, but not in the church, (B) All the church is kingdom reign, but not all the kingdom reign is church, (C) Apostates are under the kingdom reign, but not faithful members of the church, (D) All the preceding
44. _____ For what purpose was Israel chosen from among the nations of the world?
(A) In order to preserve the Jews, (B) To preserve the seedline of the Seed, (C) To manifest Israel's righteousness, (D) To manifest God's approval of Israel over all other nations
45. _____ Who specifically said that angels, authorities and powers have been made subject to Jesus?
(A) John, (B) Peter, (C) Mark, (D) Jude
46. _____ What Old Testament Gentile city repented because of the preaching of an Israelite prophet?
(A) Babylon, (B) Damascus, (C) Nineveh, (D) Dan
47. _____ To what does the word *basileia* refer:
(A) The sovereignty of Deity in reference to creation, (B) The called out people of God, (C) Apostate Israel, (D) The faithful of the church
48. _____ In Psalm 22, who is said to rule over the nations?
(A) Satan, (B) The Son of God, (C) The Lord, (D) The sons of God
49. _____ What did Jesus mean in John 3:3?
(A) Unless one is born again he will never come into a perception or understanding of the sovereign reign of Deity, (B) Unless one is baptized he will not have the remission of sins, (C) One must be spiritually renewed before being born again, (D) All the preceding
50. _____ What prophet made the prophecy, "*I will set up your seed after you, who will come from your body, and I will establish his kingdom*"?
(A) Isaiah, (B) Samuel, (C) Jeremiah, (D) Joel
51. _____ In 1 Corinthians 11, who did Paul say was the head of Christ?
(A) The Holy Spirit, (B) The church, (C) The angels of God, (D) None of the preceding
52. _____ Wherein was the fault that the Hebrew writer spoke concerning the old covenant?
(A) The law of the covenant was not perfect, (B) The covenant was at fault, (C) No one could keep the conditions of the covenant perfectly, (D) None of the preceding
53. _____ Which statement is true concerning Jesus' statements of Matthew 16:18,19?
(A) The church and the kingdom are the same, (B) The kingdom is greater than the church, (C) The church is the group of those whose faith is built upon belief in the sonship and messiahship of Jesus, (D) Both A and C

54. ____ Of whom was it said that they judged themselves unworthy of everlasting life?
(A) Disobedient angels, (B) Unbelieving Jews, (C) The Gentiles, (D) Apostate Christians
55. ____ To what does the phrase "right hand of God" have reference?
(A) A position of authority, (B) David's throne in Jerusalem, (C) Authority on earth in the kingdom to come, (D) God physically has a right hand
56. ____ Who did God choose from among the physical nations of the world in order to make them a holy nation and a kingdom of priests?
(A) Israel, (B) The church, (C) The Levites, (D) The apostles
57. ____ To what does the phrase "last days" refer?
(A) The time after Jesus comes again, (B) The last times of Israel, (C) The days immediately before the coming of Jesus, (D) The days of the existence of the church
58. ____ What did Paul say Jesus would deliver to the Father after His final coming?
(A) The church, (B) His kingdom reign, (C) The wicked, (D) Physical death
59. ____ What did Jesus specifically state that the apostles would receive when the Holy Spirit came upon them?
(A) Faith, (B) Power, (C) Love, (D) Vision
60. ____ When the word "kingdom" is used in reference to the sovereignty of God, what is true?
(A) God's kingdom has geographical borders, (B) The kingdom is limited to time, (C) The kingdom is confined to this world, (D) None of the preceding
61. ____ In reference to the time of the establishment of the kingdom reign of Jesus, what did Jesus mean in Mark 9:1?
(A) The kingdom would be established at the time of His final coming, (B) His kingdom had already been established, (C) Some of His immediate disciples would not die until they had experienced the coming of the kingdom, (D) His disciples would be resurrected in order to experience the coming of the kingdom
62. ____ What is the difference between church and kingdom?
(A) Church refers to sovereign rule and kingdom refers to people, (B) Kingdom refers to territory and church refers to law, (C) Church refers to people's response to God and kingdom refers to God's rule from heaven, (D) There is no difference
63. ____ What did God mean when He spoke through Jeremiah that "*no more shall every man teach his neighbor*"?
(A) Every believer would be directly taught by the Spirit, (B) People would be taught the gospel before they were born again into the family of God, (C) Teaching would cease among God's people, (D) Believers would not teach unbelievers
64. ____ What phrase or word refers to the origin of that which pertains to God?
(A) Kingdom of God, (B) Lordship, (C) Everlasting, (D) Kingship of God
65. ____ In reference to Jesus, what is the emphasis of Ephesians 1:22?
(A) Jesus is the head of the church, (B) Jesus is head over all things for the sake of the church, (C) The church is exalted above all, (D) The church is exalted because Jesus is exalted
66. ____ Which prophet stated that God would pour out the Spirit on maidservants?
(A) Isaiah, (B) Jeremiah, (C) Malachi, (D) Joel
67. ____ When did Hosea say that Israel would seek David their king?
(A) When David was seated on His throne, (B) In the last days, (C) When Solomon reigned, (D) When Jesus returned again
68. ____ What prophet stated that God would establish kingdom reign in the days of the Roman kings?
(A) Isaiah, (B) Joel, (C) Micah, (D) None of the preceding
69. ____ In Daniel 2, what happened to the image when it was struck in the feet by the small stone that was cut out of a mountain?
(A) It grew stronger, (B) It rejected the stone, (C) The stone had no effect on the image, (D) The image broke in pieces
70. ____ Who did Zechariah say would build the temple of the Lord?
(A) David, (B) The Branch, (C) The Lord, (D) Solomon
71. ____ What is true concerning our understanding of those things that are not of this world?
(A) The Spirit communicated fully all that is known, (B) Human words cannot fully communicate that which is not of this world, (C) We must understand heavenly things before we can understand the world, (D) None of the preceding

72. ____ In Psalm 110:1, who was the Lord who said, "*Sit at My right hand ...*"?
(A) God, the Father, (B) David, (C) The Holy Spirit, (D) The Lord Jesus Christ
73. ____ What did Isaiah prophesy would flow unto the house of God?
(A) The church, (B) All nations, (C) The house of Israel, (D) The truth
74. ____ To what do the "last days" have reference?
(A) The Christian dispensation, (B) The end of the church age, (C) The beginning of the millennium, (D) The time of the end of national Israel
75. ____ What references did Isaiah use in reference to Jesus in his prophecy of Isaiah 9?
(A) Prince of peace, (B) Everlasting Father, (C) Counselor, (D) All the preceding
76. ____ To what does the metaphor "mountain" refer when used by Isaiah in Isaiah 2?
(A) The church would be established on top of a literal mountain, (B) The house of God would be above the power of all powers, (C) The disciples would preach from the mountain tops, (D) The temple would be built on a mountain
77. ____ Who was the descendant of Jehoiakim who was taken into Babylonian captivity?
(A) Zedekiah, (B) Jehoahaz, (C) Jehoiachin, (D) Josiah
78. ____ To whom was the promise made, "*I will set upon your throne the fruit of your body*"?
(A) Solomon, (B) David, (C) Zedekiah, (D) Josiah

True or False:

79. ____ Daniel prophesied that the Lord's house would be established in the days of the Roman kings.
80. ____ The "stone" about which Daniel prophesied has reference to the church that would greatly impact the power of the Roman Empire.
81. ____ Joel prophesied that God would pour out His Spirit on men and women in the last days.
82. ____ Those of Jesus' generation were promised that they would not be able to experience the manifestation of the kingdom reign of Jesus.
83. ____ The Bible teaches that Jesus is now reigning on David's throne and ruling with sovereignty over all things in fulfillment of all prophecies concerning His reign.
84. ____ The authority of Solomon's throne was established in the authority of His father David who reigned over all Israel.
85. ____ The "seed" to which reference was made in 2 Samuel 7 is a prophecy of the church.
86. ____ Jeremiah said of Saul that no one of his seed would reign on earth.
87. ____ The term "key" was used by the prophets to refer to authority.
88. ____ Jesus was a priest after the order of Levi.
89. ____ Zechariah prophesied that the Branch would be a priest as well as rule from His throne.
90. ____ All Old Testament prophecies concerning the messiahship and ministry of Jesus have been fulfilled.
91. ____ The church is God's assembly of those who have submitted to the kingdom reign of Jesus.
92. ____ Jesus is the head of the church in the sense that He controls it through His word.
93. ____ The kingdom reign of Jesus was already established by Acts 2.
94. ____ The throne of David had reference to God's authority that was manifested on earth through the kingly reign of David.
95. ____ The kingdom reign of Jesus began when He was baptized and will continue until He delivers His sovereignty to the Father at the end of time.
96. ____ All prophecy of the totality of the kingdom reign of Jesus has been fulfilled and is presently exercised by Jesus.

97. ____ When Jesus comes again, He will receive universal kingdom reign and will exercise this reign throughout all eternity.
98. ____ The church is the manifestation of the kingdom reign of Jesus on earth.
99. ____ Though one does not submit to the word of Jesus, he or she is still under the kingdom reign of Jesus.
100. ____ When Jesus comes again, He will subject all things to Himself, and then, begin His reign over all things.